A

120 MINUTES

1.	Who w A) C)	wrote <i>Civilisation: Its Causes a</i> Edward Carpenter Rabindranath Tagore			and Cur B) D)	res? Leo Tolstoy John Ruskin			
2.	Gandh A) C)	ii stayed in South Africa for 20 years 22 years			B) D)	21 years 19 years			
3.	When (A)	did the Boer W 1890	-	olace? 1897		C)	1899	D)	1900
4.	When (A)	did Gandhi esta 1901		olstoy l 1909	Farm?	C)	1911	D)	1910
5.	When (A) C)	did Gandhi retu 9 January 191 1 February 19	5	lia fro	m Soutl B) D)	15 Jan	? uary 1915 uary 1915		
6.	Which A) B) C) D)	hich of the following statements is incorrect? Gandhi belonged to the Modh bania caste of traders Karamchand Gandhi belonged to the pranami sect In Gujarati, Gandhi means grocer Gandhi family belonged to the Vaishnavite tradition							
7.	Which A) B) C) D)	B) Gandhi's father died in 1885C) Gandhi went to England to study law in 1887							
8.	Which A) B) C) D)	B) The New TestamentC) Song Celestial							
9.	doing g	"I look upon with the greatest fear, because, although while apparently doing good by minimizing exploitation, it does the greatest harm to mankind by destroying individuality which lies at the root of all progress" A) Violence B) Untruth							

A)ViolenceB)OntuinC)PoliticsD)Increase of the power of the state

10.	Gandhi said "They say 'means are after all means'. I would say 'means are after
	all"

- A) Everything B) Something
- C) Absolute D) Most significant

11. Whom did Gandhi consult in times of doubt for guidance?

- A) Pranjivan Mehta B) Vinoba Bhave
- C) Raychandbhai D) Mahadev Desai

12. Anekantavada is associated with

- A) Jainism B) Buddhism
- C) Hinduism D) Sufism

13. Which of the following is the order of birth of Gandhi's sons?

- A) Devdas, Ramdas, Manilal, Harilal
- B) Ramdas, Harilal, Devdas, Manilal
- C) Manilal, Harilal, Ramdas, Devdas
- D) Harilal, Manilal, Ramdas, Devdas

14. Which sacred text did Gandhi describe as his 'eternal mother?'

- A) The Bible B) The Upanishads
- C) The Gita D) Yogasutra

15. Gandhi named his first political organization in 1894 as Natal Indian Congress in honour of

- A) Gopala Krishna Gokhale B) W C Bannerjee
- C) Dadabhai Naoroji D) R C Dutt

16. Gandhi's autobiography was originally written in Gujarati. Who translated it into English?

- A) Maganlal Gandhi B) Sushila Nayar
- C) Mahadev Desai D) Pyarelal

17. Which of the following is not a vow taken by Gandhi before he left for England?

- A) Not to eat meat B) Not to drink Alcohol
- C) Not to eye other women D) Not to lie

18. Who inspired Gandhi with Ram Ram in his childhood?

- A) Putlibhai B) Kasturba
- C) Rambha Dai D) Lakshi Das

19. Which of the following statements comes close to Gandhi's concept of human nature?

- A) Human nature is inherently good
- B) Human nature is occasionally good
- C) Human nature includes both good and evil
- D) Although human nature is bad it can be improved

- 20. During his entire life, Gandhi wrote three book-length works. They were;
 - *Hind Swaraj, Satvagraha in South Africa, An Autobiography or The story* A) of my experiments with truth
 - Hind Swaraj, Satyagraha in South Africa, The untouchables B)
 - C) *Hind Swaraj, Small is beautiful, An Autobiography or The story of my experiments with truth*
 - D) Hind Swaraj, Economy of Permanence, An Autobiography or The story of *my* experiments with truth
- 21. Which of the following principles is not drawn by Gandhi from a reading of Ruskin's Unto This Last?
 - That the good of the individual is contained in the good of all. A)
 - That a lawyer's work has the same value as the barber's, inasmuch as all B) have the same right of earning their livelihood from their work.
 - C) That a life of labour, ie., the life of the tiller of the soil and the handicraftsman, is the life worth living.
 - To be truthful is the highest goal of human life D)
- 22. Ruskin's principles inspired Gandhi to develop the concept of
 - Satyagraha B) Asteva A)
 - C) Bread Labour D) Nishkamakarma

23. Real swaraj will come not by the acquisition of authority by a few but by the acquisition of the capacity by all to ------ authority when it is abused. In other words, swaraj is to be obtained by educating the masses to a sense of their capacity to regulate and control authority

- consent to A) B) assist
- C) work with D) resist
- 24. Gandhi said, in an enlightened anarchy everyone is -----
 - his own ruler B) his own servant A)
 - C) his own master D) his own slave

25. According to Gandhi ------ in the real sense of the term, consists not in the multiplication, but in the deliberate and voluntary restriction of wants.

- Life A) B) Sarvodava C)
 - Civilization D) Aparigraha

26. "In the ideal state, therefore, there is no political power because there is no State. But the ideal is never fully realized in life. Hence the classical statement of -----that that government is best which governs the least"

- A) Vivekananda B) Thoreau
- C) Ruskin D) Tolstoy

27. Which of the following vows given below is not necessary for Ashram life?

- A) Truth B) Non-possession
- C) Non-stealing D) Not telling lies

- 28. Which of the following sentences of Gandhi relating to education is incorrect?
 - A) Education is the art of drawing out full manhood of the children under training
 - B) Literacy is not the end of education nor even the beginning
 - C) Education seeks to equip the child or adult with skills necessary for a successful life in modern society
 - D) Religious education must be the sole concern of religious associations.

29. When was the Wardha conference held?

- A) 1935 B) 1936 C) 1937 D) 1938
- 30. Which resolution was not adopted at the Wardha Conference?
 - A) Free and compulsory education should be provided for seven years on a nation-wide scale
 - B) The medium of instruction should be the mother-tongue.
 - C) The process of education should centre around some form of manual and productive work
 - D) Children all over India should be taught basic English
- 31. Which organization was created to promote basic education?
 - A) Hindustani Talimi Sangh
 - B) Indian Association for Basic Education
 - C) Hindustani Basic Education Forum
 - D) Nai Talim Sangh
- 32. Who among the following was the chief organizer of the Jamia Nagar Conference on basic education in 1941?
 - A) Abul Kalam Azad B) Badruddin Tyabji
 - C) Zakir Hussain D) Sayed Ahmed Khan

33. According to Gandhiji higher education should be

A) In English

A)

- B) In English and Hindustani
- C) In English and Local Language
- D) In Local Language only

34. Which of the following is incorrect as far as Gandhi is concerned?

- A) Purity of personal life is the one indispensable condition for building a sound education.
- B) The end of all education should surely be service
- C) Literary training by itself adds not an inch to one's moral height
- D) Government schools are the best means of education

35. Who wrote *The Economy of Permanence*?

- J C Kumarappa B) Bharathan Kumarappa
- C) Thorstein Veblen D) E F Schumacher

- 36. Who wrote the biography *Mahatma Gandhi: The Man who Became one with the Universal being* (1924)?
 - A) C F Andrews B) Romain Rolland
 - C) B R Nanda D) Herman Kallenbach

37. Who formed the Communities of the Ark?

- A) E F Schumacher B) Martin Luther King Jr
- C) Lanza Del Vasto D) Henry Polak
- 38. Who is the author of the book *Small is beautiful: A study of Economics as if people mattered*?
 - A) Schumpeter B) M K Gandhi
 - C) J M Keynes D) E F Schumacher

39. Consumption preferences for domestic goods against preferences for foreign goods means

- A) Bread labour B) Trusteeship
- C) Swadeshi D) Work
- 40. According to Gandhi, "the leveling down of few rich in whose hands is concentrated the bulk of the nation's wealth on the one hand and leveling up of semi- starved naked millions on the other" is possible through
 - A) Nonviolence B) Trusteeship

C) Bread Labour D) Economic equality

41. ----- is the Gandhian ideal of welfare

- A) Maximum welfare B) Sarvodaya
- C) Social welfare D) Welfare

42. Gandhian doctrine of ------ strongly emphasise on self – reliance and self – sufficiency.

- A) Bread labour B) Trusteeship
- C) Swadeshi D) Non Violence

43. Gandhian economics is opposed to

- A) Ethics B) Ethical neutrality
- C) Value in use D) Moral values
- 44. ----- is the time spent by one person in obtaining goods that can be later exchanged for the desired necessities themselves.
 - A) Swaraj B) Bread labour
 - C) Trusteeship D) Work
- 45. The idea of 'intermediate technology' first articulated by E F Schumacher is also known as
 - A) Medium technology B) Industrial technology
 - C) Agricultural technology D) Appropriate technology

- 46 Which of the following statements is incorrect from a Gandhian perspective?
 - Mass production contributes to decentralization A)
 - Production by masses contribute to decentralization B)
 - Mass production is ecologically unsustainable C)
 - D) Production by masses is compatible with the laws of ecology

----- was the solution prescribed by Gandhi for addressing the enforced idleness 47. for nearly six months in the year of an overwhelming majority of India's population.

- A) Industry B) Khadi
- C) Agriculture D) Cattle rearing
- Hind Swaraj was described as 'work of a fool' by ------48. A. Gokhale B) M A Jinnah
 - B G Tilak C) R. Tagore A) D)
- 49. Gandhi
 - Wished to make state stronger than societies A)
 - Wished to make society stronger than state B)
 - C) Wished to make society and state equal
 - None of the above D)
- 50. Which of the following philosophies believed in the glorification of the state at the expense of the individual?
 - A) Marxism B) Democracy
 - C) Fascism D) Syndicalism
- 51. Which of the following statements is incorrect as far as Gandhi is concerned?
 - Gandhi did not give much thought to the organization of urban local A) government
 - B) Gandhi saw panchayats as crucial to the building of non-violence
 - Gandhi's ideal village had a population of approximately 10,000 C)
 - D) Gandhi's panchayats would teach the villagers to avoid disputes
- 52. Which of the following statements does not agree with Gandhi's thoughts on Panchayat Raj?
 - The Panchayat should be elected annually at a public meeting called for A) that purpose
 - B) The Panchayat should have both criminal and civil jurisdiction with respect to dispute resolution
 - No Panchayats should have any authority to impose fines C)
 - A Panchayat that fails to perform its duties can be disbanded by voters D) after a period six months
- 53. According to Gandhi
 - A) Economic progress and real progress are one and the same
 - B) Economic progress alone will eventually lead to real progress
 - C) Economic progress is antagonistic to real progress
 - None of the above D)

- 54. Which of the following was considered by Gandhi as the chief symbol of modern civilization?
 - A) Roads
 - B) Steam engine
 - C) The medical profession
 - D) Machinery
- 55. Which of the following differences between Gandhi and Nehru is incorrect?
 - A) Nehru believed in industrialization
 - B) Nehru looked at villages as backward looking while Gandhi looked at them in positive terms
 - C) Gandhi, unlike Nehru, believed in the use of moral means in politics
 - D) None of the above
- 56. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
 - A) Gandhi believed in autarky
 - B) There will be no trade in inessentials
 - C) There will be trade if it flows from falsification of wants
 - D) Trade should not be based on comparative advantage
- 57. Which of the following statements by Gandhi relating to the use of gold ornaments is untrue?
 - A) Gandhi opposed wearing gold by both men and women
 - B) Poor Harijans and widows hardly had the means and the right to wear gold ornaments
 - C) Gandhi used the term 'artistic device' to denote gold ornaments
 - D) Gandhi was in favour of banning the use of gold by law
- 58. "Earth provides enough to satisfy every man's -----, but not for every man's greed"
 - A) desire B) want
 - C) need D) demand
- 59. Which of the following women activists was not influenced by Gandhi?
 - A) Petra Kelly B) Medha Patkar
 - C) Ela Bhatt D) Arundhati Roy
- 60. Who founded the Sarva Seva Sangh in 1923?
 - A) Vinoba Bhave B) Jayaprakash Narayan
 - C) Sarojini Naidu D) Jamnalal Bajaj
- 61. Bhoodan movement relates to ------
 - A) Voluntary giving up of a certain portion of land to the landless
 - B) Forceful possession of the land by landless
 - C) Free distribution of government land to the poor
 - D) Gifting of land to the government

- 62. How did Vinoba Bhave differ from Jaya Prakash Narayan?
 - A) Vinoba was a Gandhian but JP was not
 - B) Vinoba advocated bhoodan which was opposed by JP
 - C) Vinoba stood for saravodaya but JP favoured state initiated socialism
 - D) Unlike JP, Vinoba believed that satyagraha should be used only in very exceptional circumstances in independent India
- 63. Which of the following statements relating to JP is incorrect?
 - A) JP stood for total revolution
 - B) He was for party less democracy
 - C) JP was not in favour of strong Gram Sabhas
 - D) JP started Chatra Yuva Sangharsh Vahini
- 64. Which of the following group of activists is associated with the Chipko Movement?
 - A) Sunderlal Bahuguna, Baba Amte, Aruna Roy
 - B) Sunderlal Bahuguna, Harivallabh Pareek, Medha Patkar
 - C) Sunderlal Bahuguna, Vandana Shiva, P V Rajagopal
 - D) Sunderlal Bahuguna, Chandi Prasad Bhatt, Gaura Devi
- 65. Narmada Bachao Andolan was strongly supported by
 - A) Vinoba Bhave B) Baba Amte
 - C) Kiran Bedi D) Vandana Shiva
- 66. Anna Hazare is associated with
 - A) Ecology movement
 - B) Anti-corruption movement
 - C) Ex servicemen movement
 - D) Public interest litigation movement
- 67. Who defined Sustainable development as development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs?
 - A) Gunnar Myrdal B) E F Schumacher
 - C) Brundtland D) Mehbub ul Huq
- 68. Which book of Gandhi provides clues about environmental protection?
 - A) Hind Swaraj B) Satyagraha in South Africa
 - C) *An Autobiography* D) None of the above
- 69. Which of the following statements expresses Gandhi's attitude towards women best?
 - A) Women are equal to men in all respects although physically they are conditioned to perform different roles
 - B) Women have equality in the family, but are bound to play a secondary role in politics
 - C) Women are not expected to be bread earners
 - D) Women are entitled to education, but not higher education

- 70.In which year was the first nationwide noncooperation launched in India?A)1915B)1920C)1925D)1930
- 71. Which of the following statements does not correctly differentiate between Satyagraha and passive resistance?
 - A) Satyagraha is a weapon of the strong
 - B) Satyagraha admits of no violence under any circumstance whatsoever
 - C) Satyagraha ever insists upon truth.
 - D) Passive resistance can be resorted to only by the physically strong while Satyagraha is used generally by the physically weak
- 72. According to Gandhi, "The Satyagrahi's object is to convert, not to -----, the wrong-doer"
 - A) kill B) defeat C) outwit D) coerce
- 73. Which of the following is not one of the rules for satyagrahis laid out by Gandhi?
 - A) Living faith in God
 - B) Belief in truth and non-violence
 - C) Wearing khadi and engage in spinning
 - D) Willingness to disobey jail rules when arrested
- 74. Which of the following statements relating to Vaikom Satyagraha is not correct?
 - A) *Vaikom Satyagraha* was the first systematically organized agitation in Kerala against orthodoxy to secure the rights of the depressed classes.
 - B) No mass agitation in Kerala acquired so much all-India attention and significance in the twentieth century as the *Vaikom Satyagraha*
 - C) Gandhi did not want non-Hindus to engage in Vaikom Satyagraha
 - D) Gandhi succeeded in changing the mind of the orthodox Brahmins in the very first attempt itself in Vaikom
- 75. Gandhi Founded Satyagraha Sabha to protest against the
 - A) Government of India Act 1919
 - B) Rowlatt Act
 - C) Jallianwala bagh Massacre
 - D) Salt law
- 76. Which movement was launched along with Khilafat movement?
 - A) Non-cooperation movement
 - B) Civil disobedience movement
 - C) Home rule movement
 - D) Swadeshi movement
- 77. How did Gandhi contribute to the Boer War?
 - A) He betrayed the British
 - B) He refused to cooperate with the British
 - C) He recruited soldiers for the British
 - D) He organized a medical corps for the British

- 78. Who of the following leaders accompanied Gandhi to Champaran in 1917?
 - Sardar Patel, Motilal Nehru, Badruddin Tyabji A)
 - B) Rajendra Prasad, J B Kripalani, Mahadev Desai
 - Zakir Hussain, Sarojini Naidu, Jawaharlal Nehru C)
 - D) None of the above
- 79. In Ahmedabad Mill strike Gandhi resorted to ----- to pressurize the mill owners
 - A) Boycott
 - B) Non-cooperation
 - C) Fast unto Death
 - D) Nonviolent occupation of mills
- 80. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
 - Civil Disobedience Movement was launched in 1930 A)
 - It began with the Dandi March. B)
 - C) Lakhs of people including a large number of women participated actively in the civil disobedience movement
 - People continued to pay their taxes during civil disobedience. D)
- 81. Peace is
 - A) Absence of personal violence only
 - Absence of personal violence and cultural violence B)
 - C) Absence of personal, structural and cultural violence
 - D) Absence of personal, structural and psychological violence
- 82. Positive peace implies the presence of
 - Justice A) B) Mercy C)
 - Truth D) Forgiveness
- 83. Which of the following is not a characteristic of peace studies?
 - It is purely empirical A)
 - B) It looks at all levels of interaction
 - C) It is value-based and action- oriented
 - D) It is broadly interdisciplinary

84. Which of the following statements relating to the origin of peace studies is untrue?

- The Scandinavian countries were the first to initiate peace studies centres A) in Europe
- B) The historical peace churches took the lead to start peace studies in the US
- The journal of peace research was started in the eighties C)
- The first US program in Peace Studies was started in 1948 at Indiana's D) Manchester College.
- 85. Who is known as the father of peace studies?
 - A) Kenneth Boulding
- Adam Curle
- C) Chadwick Alger D) Johan Galtung

B)

86. Patriarchy is a case of

A)

- Structural violence B) Cultural violence
- C) Psychological violence D) Personal violence
- 87. For Gandhi peace is possible only in an
 - A) Agrarian society based on affluence
 - B) Industrial society based on frugality
 - C) A rural society based on fulfillment of basic needs
 - D) An industrial society of high mass consumption
- 88. Gandhian Satyagraha can be seen as a means of
 - A) Conflict management B) Conflict transformation
 - C) Conflict resolution D) None of the above
- 89. Which of the following universities has a full Masters programme in peace studies?
 - A) Jawaharlal Nehru University
 - B) Jammu University
 - C) Bangalore University
 - D) Jamia Millia University
- 90. Which of the following statements relating to Shanti Sena is incorrect?
 - A) Shanti Sena is a term coined to denote voluntary peace keepers in situations of communal conflict
 - B) Vinoba and Jayaprakash Narayan were its key enunciators after Gandhi's departure
 - C) The Madurai Kamaraj University has institutionalised Shanti Sena as part of its curriculum
 - D) Shanti Sena has a presence as part of the Sarvodaya movement in Sri Lanka
- 91. Which of the following statements does not agree with Gandhi's scheme of education?
 - A) The children should live at home, they should not be separated from their parents
 - B) Children should not be sent to a residential school
 - C) Children should not have any privileges.
 - D) Children should be provided religious instruction
- 92. What is Military industrial complex?
 - A) The establishment of industries near military camps
 - B) The compulsory post of military personnel in industries
 - C) Unholy nexus between military generals and industry for mutual gain
 - D) The creation of military industries in key locations to promote employment opportunities
- 93. Who was the chairperson of the Truth and Reconciliation Commission of South Africa?
 - A) Nelson Mandela

C)

- B) Bishop Desmond Tutu
- Tabo Mbeki
- D) Winnie Mandela

94 Who wrote the book *The Politics of Non–Violent Action?*

- A) Johan Galtung B) **Richard Gregg**
 - C) Jean Bondurant D) Gene Sharp

95. Who wrote Gandhian Non – Violent struggle and untouchables in South India: *The 1924 – 25 Vykom Satvagraha and mechanism of change?*

- Robin Jeffery Mary King A) B)
- Judith Brown Mary Kom C) D)

96. Who wrote A Plea for Vegetarianism?

- John Ruskin John Dewey A) B)
- C F Andrews C) Henry Salt D)
- 97. Drain theory is associated with
 - R C Dutt A) B) Jeremy Bentham
 - C) Dadabhai Navroji D) Ranade
- 98. Which of the following statements does not fit in with Gandhi's views on machinery?
 - All machinery that displaces labour is bad A)
 - B) Machinery that reduces the burden of heavy labour is good
 - Capital intensive machinery is good C)
 - Machinery in itself is not bad but its profit motive is bad D)

99. Swaraj means

- Rule over one's own self so as to minimize the role of external rule A)
- Political independence only B)
- Electing a government consisting of Indians C)
- Personal determination to attain one's goals D)

100. Gandhi described the British Parliament as

- A) Ivorv tower B) A market
- A sterile woman A white elephant C) D)

101. A Sarvodaya leader who was against nuclear weapon testing in India

- Vinobe Bhave A) JP B)
- Lal Bahadur Sastri D) R R Diwakar C)

102. What is the other side of the coin of Satyagraha?

Swaraj A)

A)

- B) Constructive programme
- C) Sarvodaya
- D) Passive resistance

103. Who is known as Deenabandhu? C F Andrews

- B) Herman Kallenbagh
- C) Henry Polak D) Verrier Elwin

- 104. Gandhi was influenced by the epithet 'one step enough for me' which is attributed to:
 - A) John Ruskin B) Tolstoy
 - C) Cardinal Newman D) Thoreau
- 105. The Sarvodaya social order principle is based on the principle of -----
 - A) Live and let live B) Toleration
 - C) Respect D) Oneness of all life
- 106. Which of the following statements represents Gandhi's views on varna system
 - A) Varna is synonymous with caste
 - B) Varna is a healthy division based on birth while caste is a perversion of it
 - C) All varnas are not equal
 - D) A person born in a varna cannot engage in occupations belonging to another varna
- 107. The dalits criticized the Gandhian approach to Harijan uplift on grounds of -----
 - A) Casteism
 - B) Lack of sincerity
 - C) Absence of dalits subjectivity
 - D) Paternalism
- 108. During which movement did Gandhi develop interest in the welfare of tribals for the first time?
 - A) Kerala Satyagraha B) Non-cooperation movement
 - C) Bardoli Satyagraha D) Civil disobedience campaign
- 109. From where did Tamil leader Periyar familiarize himself with technique of Gandhian resistance
 - A) Guruvayoor B) Madras
 - C) Ahmedabad D) Vaikom
- 110. Which African nationalist congress leader adopted principled form of non-violent protest through his defiance campaign?
 - A) Kwame Nkrumah B) Chief Luthuli
 - C) Oliver Tambo D) Samora Machel
- 111. Which of the following is not included in the seven social sins endorsed by Gandhi?
 - A) Eating without working
 - B) Politics without principles
 - C) Wealth without work
 - D) Knowledge without character
- 112. Who criticized Gandhi on the ground that he was a representative of Indian bourgeoisie?
 - A) Indian Marxists B) Socialists
 - C) Feminists D) Maoists

- 113. Cesar Chavez was
 - A) Trade union leader who applied Gandhian non violent techniques
 - B) The president of Bolivia who was influenced by Gandhi
 - C) An anti-nuclear activist based in the US
 - D) A peace activist and artist of Mexican descent
- 114. In which city of South Africa was Gandhi asked to leave the court for wearing a turban
 - A) Johannesburg B) Pietermaritzburg
 - C) Charles town D) Durban
- 115. Which of the following is not one of the eleven vows recommended by Gandhi for a satyagrahi?
 - A) Control of palate B) Fearlessness
 - C) Non-stealing D) Poverty
- 116. Which psychologist analyzed Gandhi's repressed attitude towards sex and bodily desire
 - A) Erik Ericson B) Sigmund Freud
 - C) Karl Jung D) Sudhir Khakkar
- 117. Who persuaded Gandhi to eat goat meat and become truly masculine enough to confront the Englishman?
 - A) Makanji B) Lakshmidas
 - C) Sheikh Mehtab D) Dada Abdulla

118. Kheda satyagraha was organized by

- A)Mahadev DesaiB)Pranjivan Mehta
- C) Sardar Patel D) Badruddin Tyabji
- 119. During which period did Gandhi consciously withdraw actively from political life to focus on constructive work and ashram life?
 - A) Early 1930s B) Mid to late 1930s
 - C) Early 1940s D) None of the above
- 120. According to Gandhi
 - A) Ancient Indian civilization is superior to British because it is human centric rather than money centric
 - B) Indian civilization is inferior to western civilization due to superstitious beliefs
 - C) There is no superiority or inferiority between civilizations
 - D) Both Indian and western civilization tend to promote violence